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the loan. The loan guarantee will be returned to the Agency office for cancellation within 30 days of the date of the notice by the lender.

[64 FR 7378, Feb. 12, 1999, as amended at 72 FR 63297, Nov. 8, 2007; 75 FR 54013, Sept. 3, 2010]

§ 762.102 Abbreviations and definitions.

Abbreviations and definitions for terms used in this part are provided in §761.2 of this chapter.

[72 FR 63297, Nov. 8, 2007]

§ 762.103 Full faith and credit.

- (a) Fraud and misrepresentation. The loan guarantee constitutes an obligation supported by the full faith and credit of the United States. The Agency may contest the guarantee only in cases of fraud or misrepresentation by a lender or holder, in which:
- (1) The lender or holder had actual knowledge of the fraud or misrepresentation at the time it became the lender or holder, or
- (2) The lender or holder participated in or condoned the fraud or misrepresentation
- (b) Lender violations. The loan guarantee cannot be enforced by the lender, regardless of when the Agency discovers the violation, to the extent that the loss is a result of:
 - (1) Violation of usury laws;
 - (2) Negligent servicing;
- (3) Failure to obtain the required security; or,
- (4) Failure to use loan funds for purposes specifically approved by the Agency.
- (c) Enforcement by holder. The guarantee and right to require purchase will be directly enforceable by the holder even if:
- (1) The loan guarantee is contestable based on the lender's fraud or misrepresentation; or
- (2) The loan note guarantee is unenforceable by the lender based on a lender violation.

§ 762.104 Appeals.

(a) A decision made by the lender adverse to the borrower is not a decision by the Agency, whether or not con-

curred in by the Agency, and may not be appealed.

- (b) The lender or Agency may request updated information from the borrower to implement an appeal decision.
- (c) Appeals will be handled in accordance with parts 11 and 780 of this title. [64 FR 7378, Feb. 12, 1999, as amended at 72 FR 63297, Nov. 8, 2007]

§ 762.105 Eligibility and substitution of lenders.

- (a) General. To participate in FSA guaranteed farm loan programs, a lender must meet the eligibility criteria in this part. The standard eligible lender must demonstrate eligibility and provide such evidence as the Agency may request.
- (b) Standard eligible lender eligibility criteria. (1) A lender must have experience in making and servicing agricultural loans and have the capability to make and service the loan for which a guarantee is requested;
- (2) The lenders must not have losses or deficiencies in processing and servicing guaranteed loans above a level which would indicate an inability to properly process and service a guaranteed agricultural loan.
- (3) A lender must be subject to credit examination and supervision by an acceptable State or Federal regulatory agency;
- (4) The lender must maintain an office near enough to the collateral's location so it can properly and efficiently discharge its loan making and loan servicing responsibilities or use Agency approved agents, correspondents, branches, or other institutions or persons to provide expertise to assist in carrying out its responsibilities. The lender must be a local lender unless it:
- (i) Normally makes loans in the region or geographic location in which the applicant's operation being financed is located, or
- (ii) Demonstrates specific expertise in making and servicing loans for the proposed operation.
- (5) The lender, its officers, or agents must not be debarred or suspended from participation in Government contracts or programs or be delinquent on a Government debt.
- (c) Substitution of lenders. A new eligible lender may be substituted for the

original lender, upon the original lender's concurrence, under the following conditions:

- (1) The Agency approves of the substitution in writing by executing a modification of the guarantee to identify the new lender, the amount of debt at the time of the substitution and any new loan terms if applicable.
- (2) The new lender agrees in writing to:
- (i) Assume all servicing and other responsibilities of the original lender and to acquire the unguaranteed portion of the loan:
- (ii) Execute a lender's agreement if one is not in effect;
 - (iii) [Reserved]
- (iv) Give any holder written notice of the substitution. If the rate and terms are changed, written concurrence from the holder is required.
 - (3) The original lender will:
- (i) Assign their promissory note, lien instruments, loan agreements, and other documents to the new lender.
- (ii) If the loan is subject to an existing interest assistance agreement, submit a request for subsidy for the partial year that it has owned the loan.
- (d) Lender name or ownership changes.
 (1) When a lender begins doing business under a new name or undergoes an ownership change the lender will notify the Agency.
- (2) The lender's CLP or PLP status is subject to reconsideration when ownership changes.
- (3) The lender will execute a new lender's agreement when ownership changes.

[64 FR 7378, Feb. 12, 1999, as amended at 66 FR 7567, Jan. 24, 2001]

§ 762.106 Preferred and certified lender programs.

- (a) General. (1) Lenders who desire PLP or CLP status must prepare a written request addressing:
- (i) The States in which they desire to receive PLP or CLP status and their branch offices which they desire to be considered by the Agency for approval; and
- (ii) Each item of the eligibility criteria for PLP or CLP approval in this section, as appropriate.
- (2) The lender may include any additional supporting evidence or other in-

formation the lender believes would be helpful to the Agency in making its determination.

- (3) The lender must send its request to the Agency State office for the State in which the lender's head-quarters is located.
- (4) The lender must provide any additional information requested by the Agency to process a PLP or CLP request if the lender continues with the approval process.
- (b) *CLP criteria*. The lender must meet the following requirements to obtain CLP status:
- (1) Qualify as a standard eligible lender under § 762.105;
- (2) Have a lender loss rate not in excess of the maximum CLP loss rate established by the Agency and published periodically in a FEDERAL REGISTER Notice. The Agency may waive the loss rate criteria for those lenders whose loss rate was substantially affected by a disaster as defined in §761.2(b) and part 759 of this chapter.
- (3) Have proven an ability to process and service Agency guaranteed loans by showing that the lender:
- (i) Submitted substantially complete and correct guaranteed loan applications; and
- (ii) Serviced all guaranteed loans according to Agency regulations;
- (4) Have made the minimum number of guaranteed OL, FO, CL, or SW loans established by the Agency and published periodically in a FEDERAL REGISTER Notice.
- (5) Not be under any regulatory enforcement action such as a cease and desist order, written agreement, or an appointment of conservator or receiver, based upon financial condition;
- (6) Designate a qualified person or persons to process and service Agency guaranteed loans for each of the lender offices which will process CLP loans. To be qualified, the person must meet the following conditions:
- (i) Have attended Agency sponsored training in the past 12 months or will attend training in the next 12 months; and
- (ii) Agree to attend Agency sponsored training each year;
- (7) Use forms acceptable to the Agency for processing, analyzing, securing,